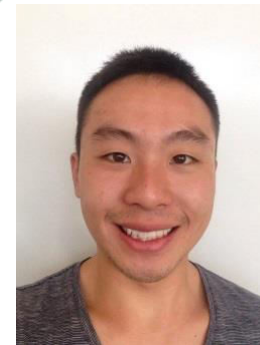


Acoustic monitoring finding new populations of the endangered blue whale

Tracey Rogers, Gary Truong, Joy Tripovich, Naysa Balcazar



Blue whale (*Balaenoptera musculus*)

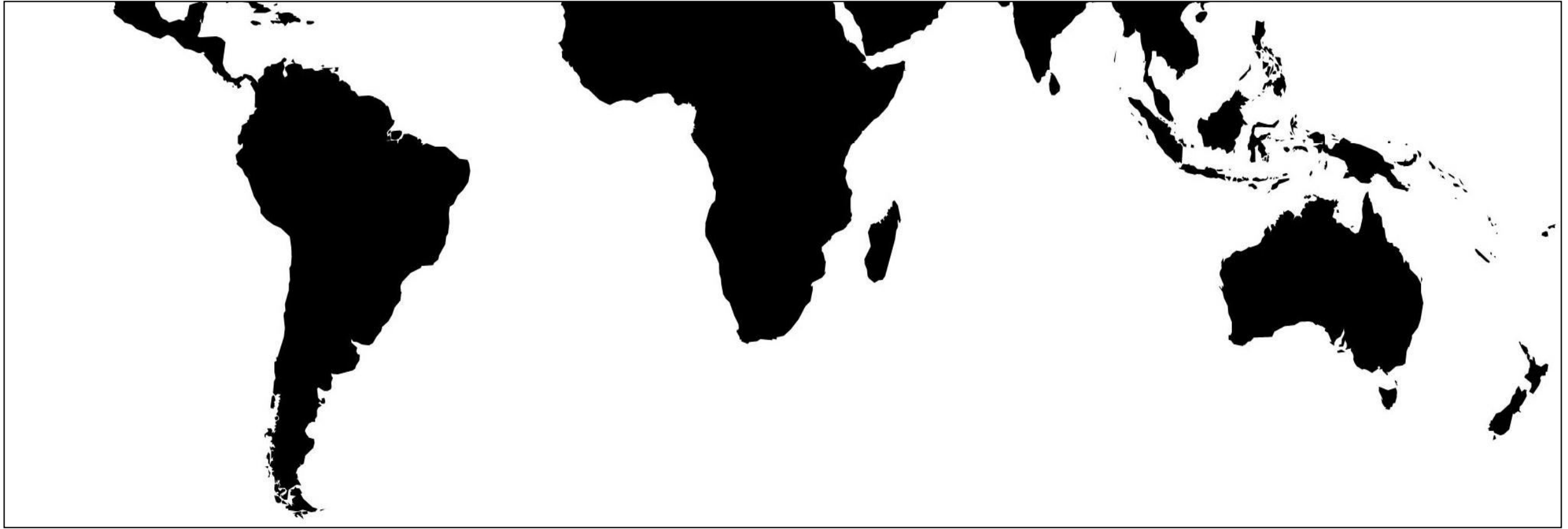
Largest baleen whale

Critically endangered

Migrate away from feeding grounds to breed



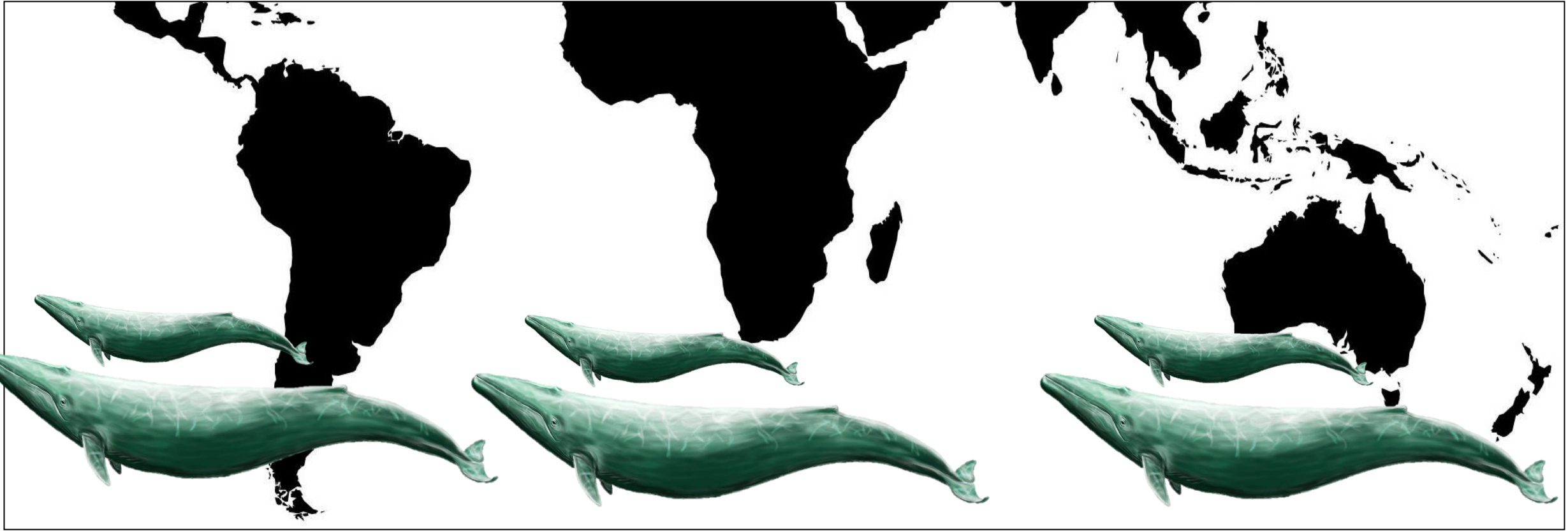
Blue whales of the Southern Hemisphere

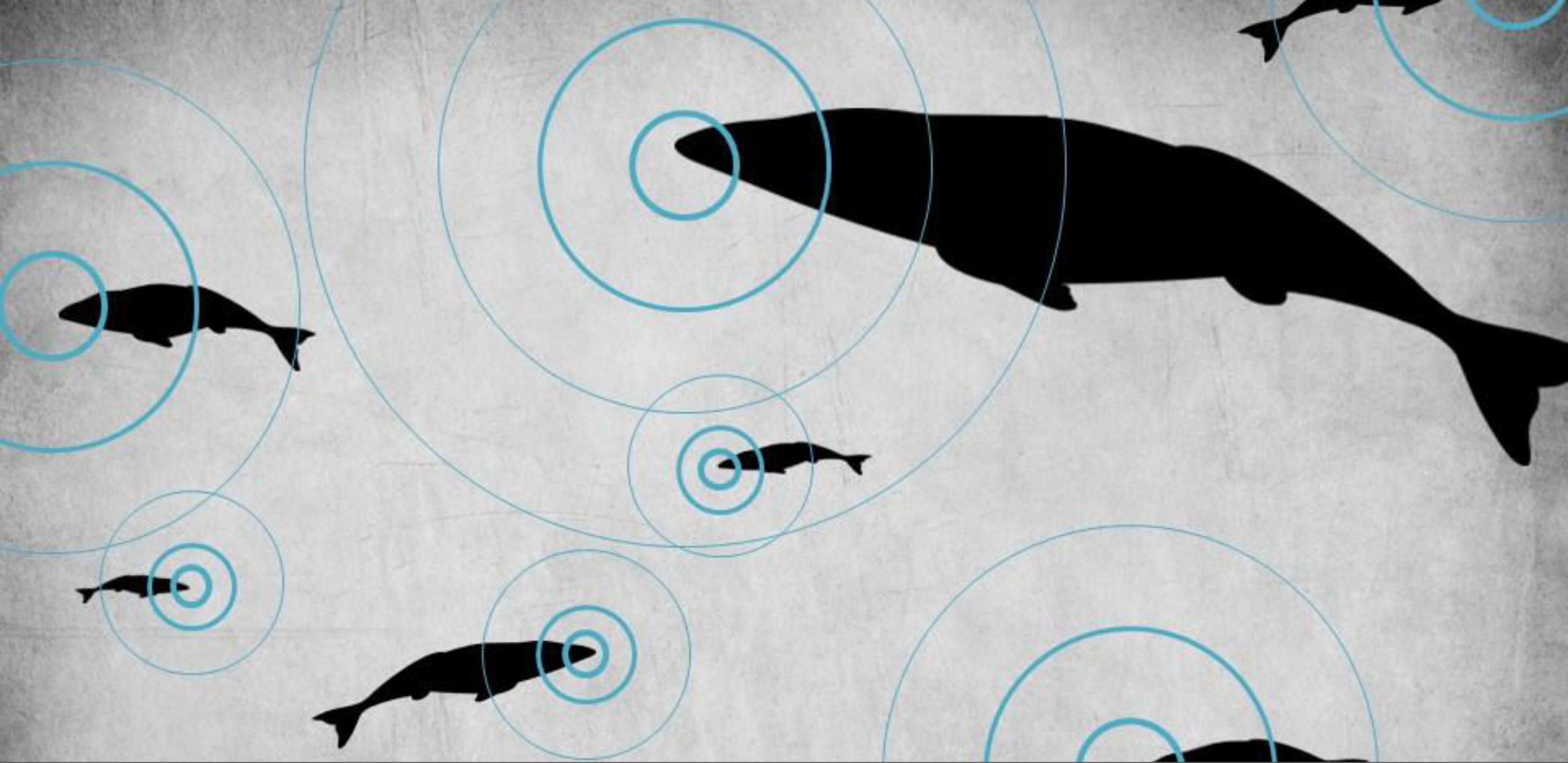


Blue whales of the Southern Hemisphere

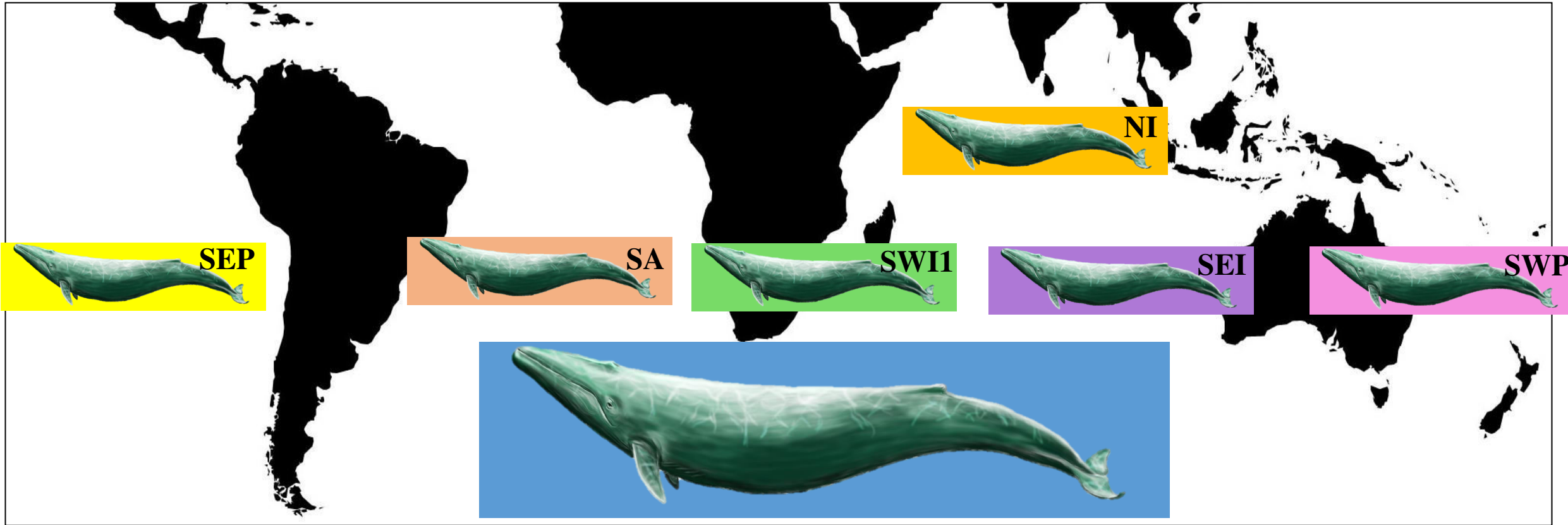


Blue whales of the Southern Hemisphere

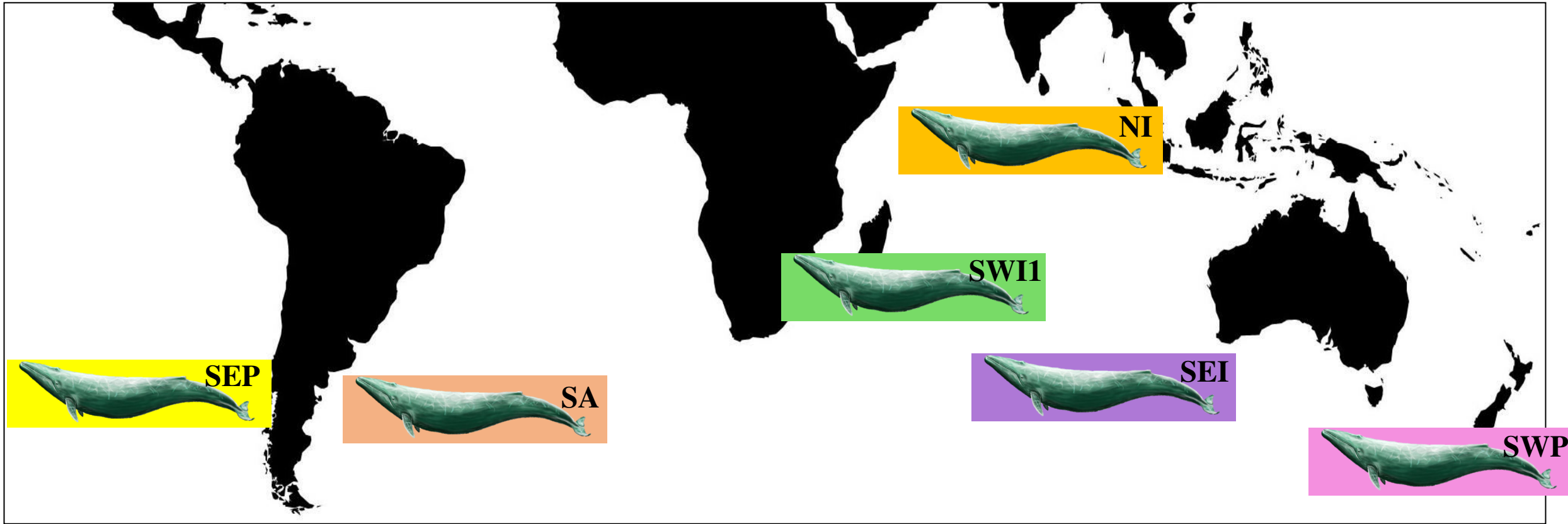




Blue whales of the Southern Hemisphere



Blue whales of the Southern Hemisphere



Datasets

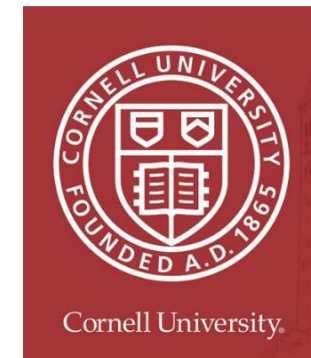
Holger KLINK

David MELLINGER

Sharon NIEUKIRK



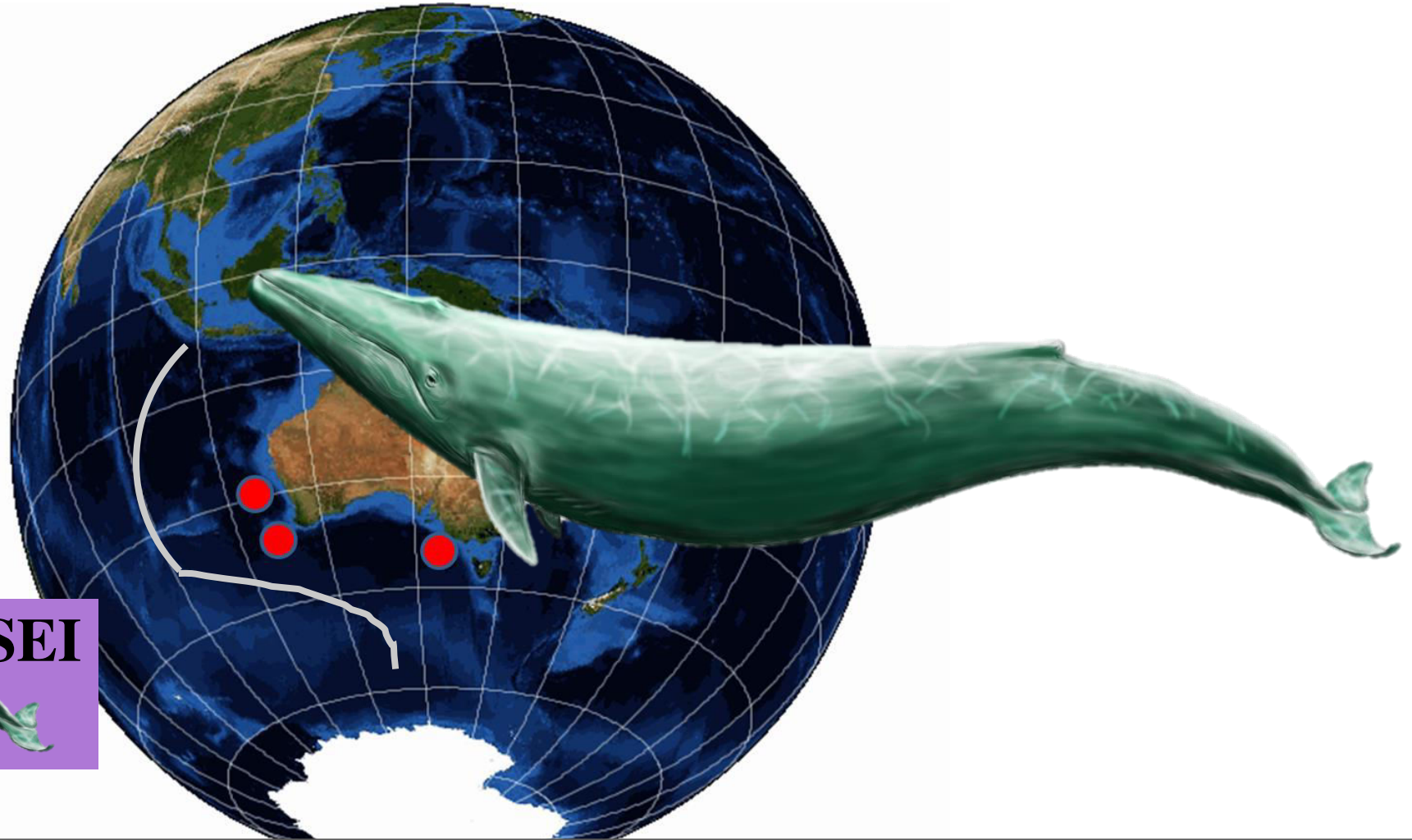
Robert P. DZIAK



Tripovich, et al. Rogers 2015. Temporal segregation of the Australian and Antarctic blue whale call types (*Balaenoptera musculus* spp.). J. Mammalogy, 96(3), 603-610.

Antarctic blue whales
are off the West coast
of Australia

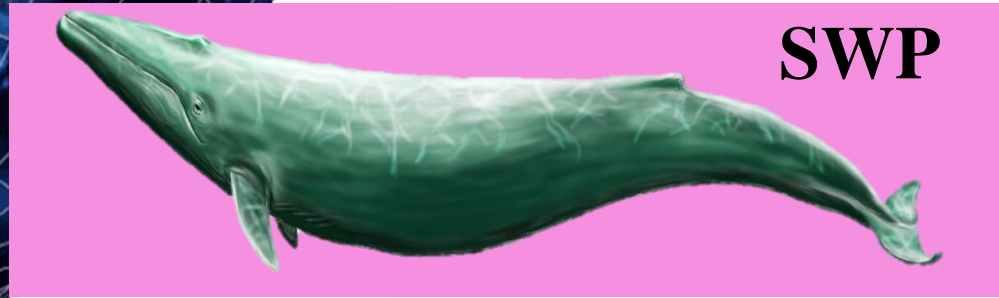
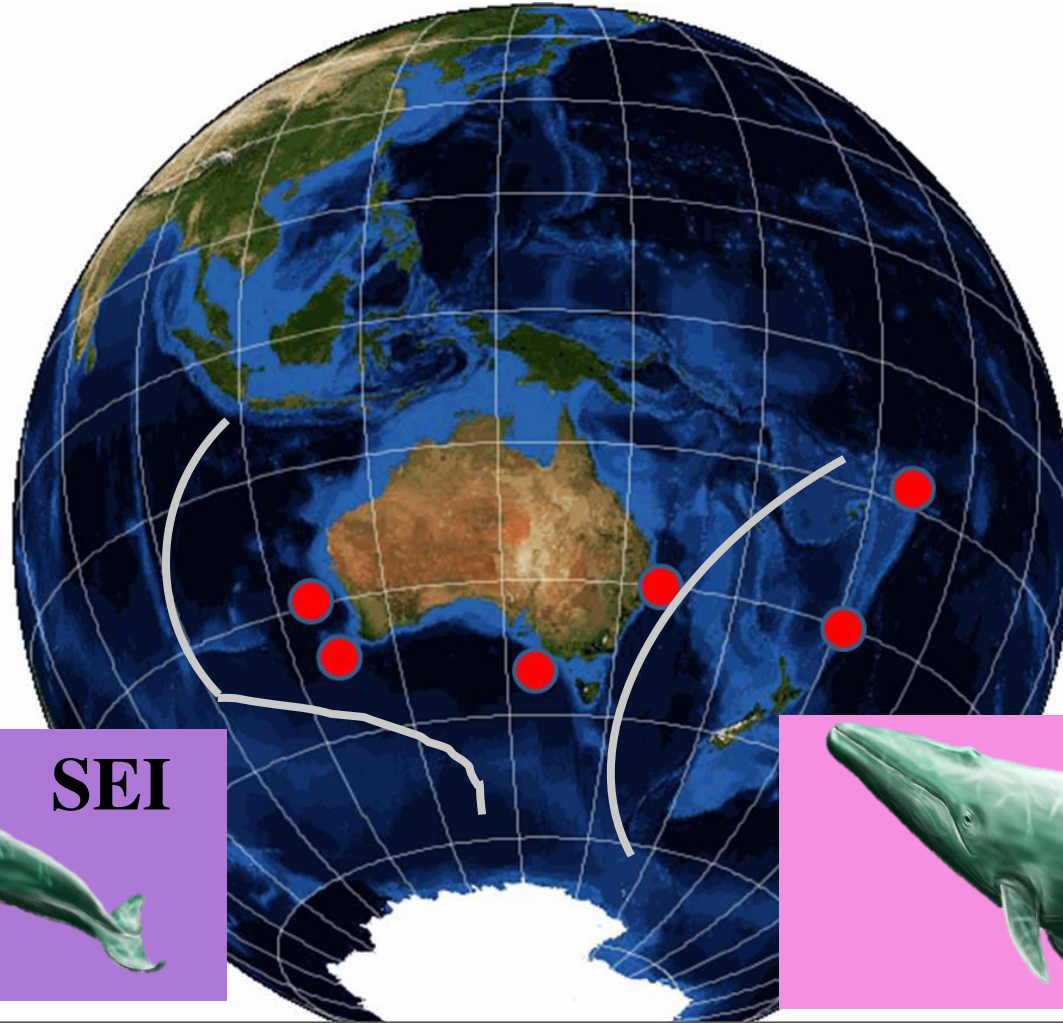
SEI pygmy blue whales
Antarctic blue whales
together at same time



Balcazar, et al. Rogers, 2015. Calls reveal population structure of blue whales across the southeast Indian Ocean and the southwest Pacific Ocean. *J. Mammalogy*, 96(6), 1184-1193.

SWP pygmy blue whales (NZ-type call) are also off Australia and north Lau Basin

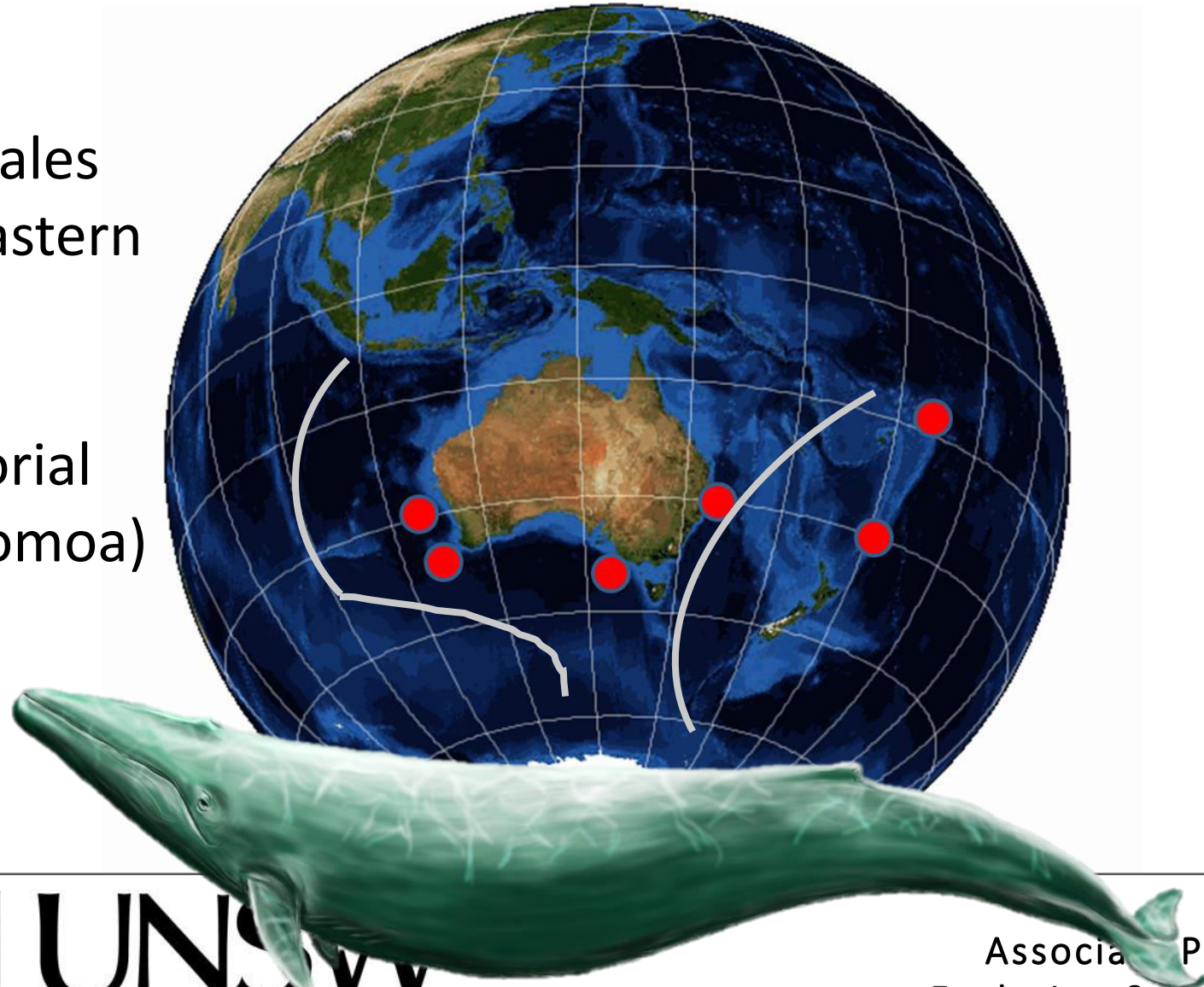
The SEI & SWP are discrete populations



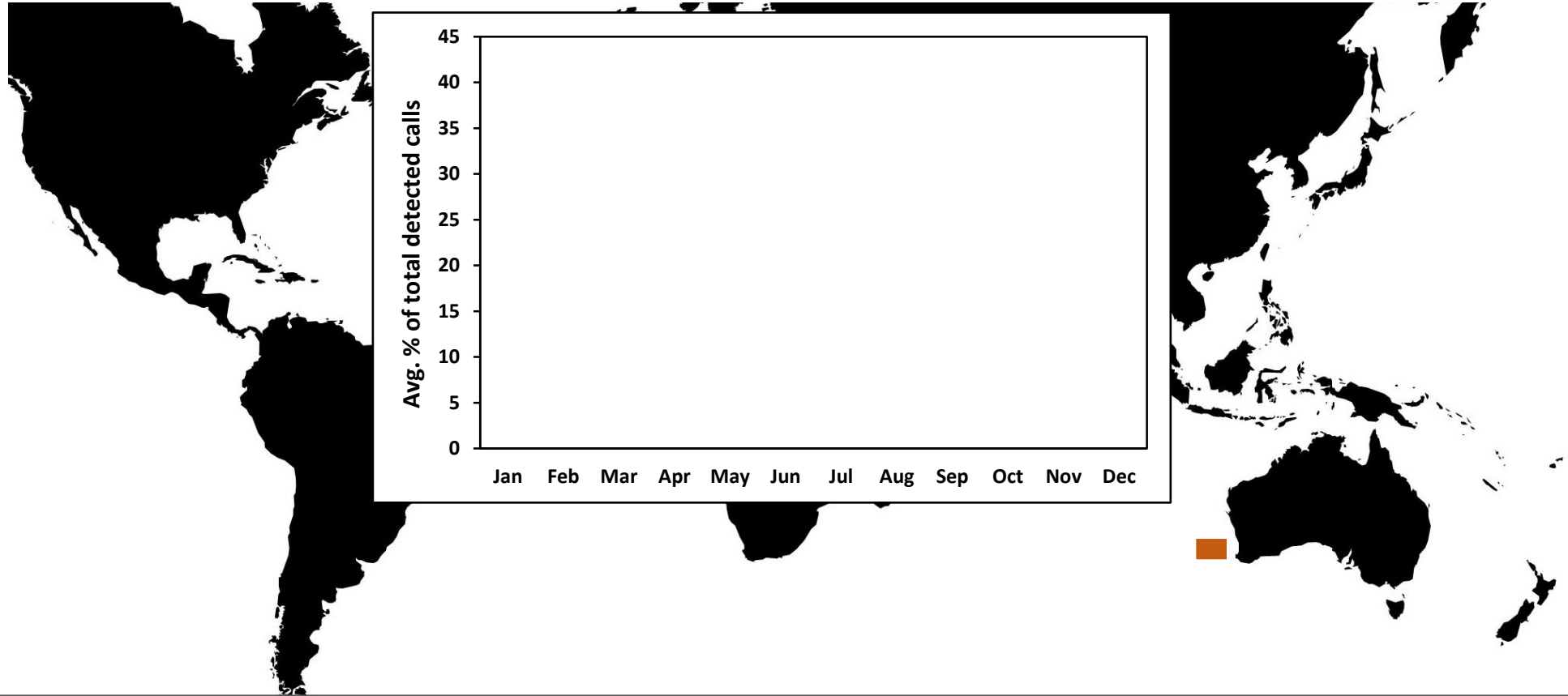
Balcazar, et al. Rogers 2017. Using calls as an indicator for Antarctic blue whale occurrence and distribution across the southwest Pacific and southeast Indian Oceans. *Marine Mammal Science*, 33(1), 172-186.

Antarctic blue whales
off the coast of Eastern
Australia

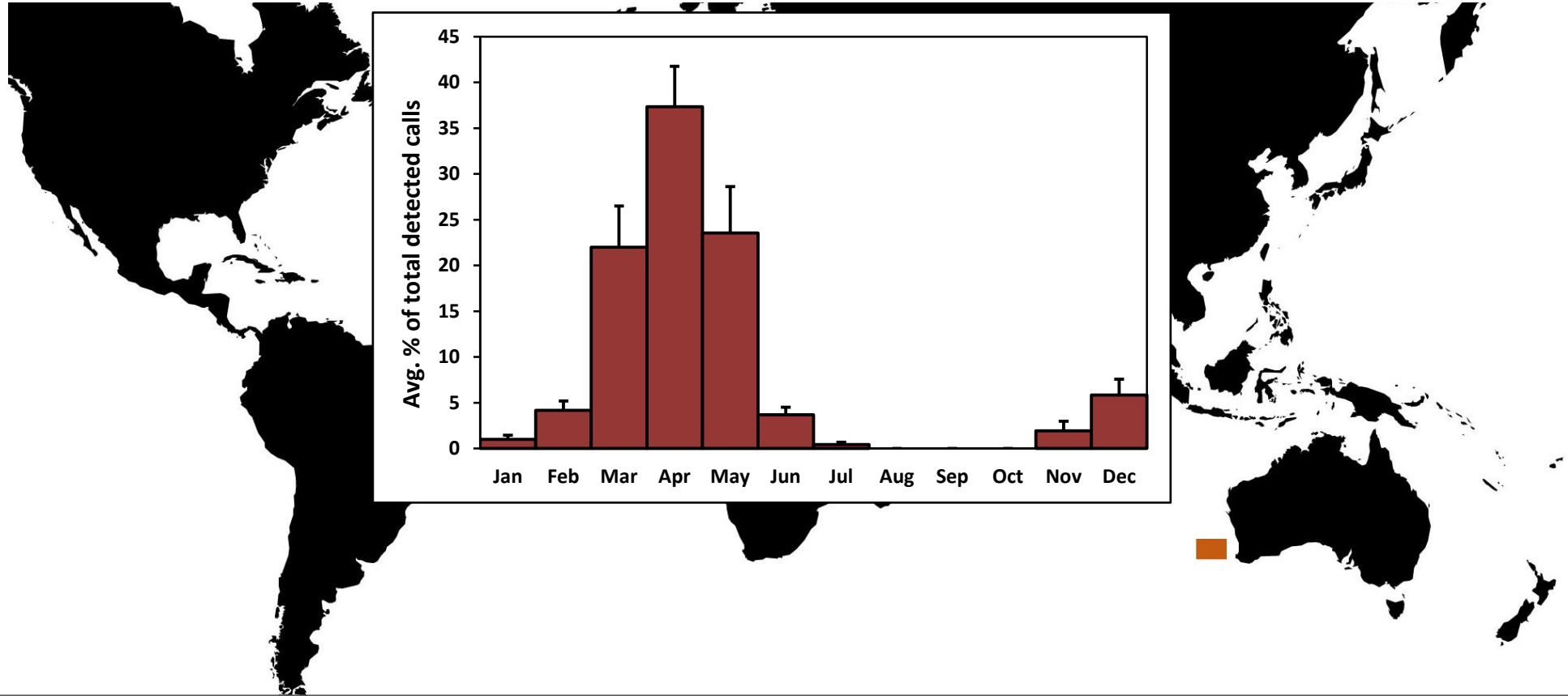
North into equatorial
Eastern Pacific (Somoa)



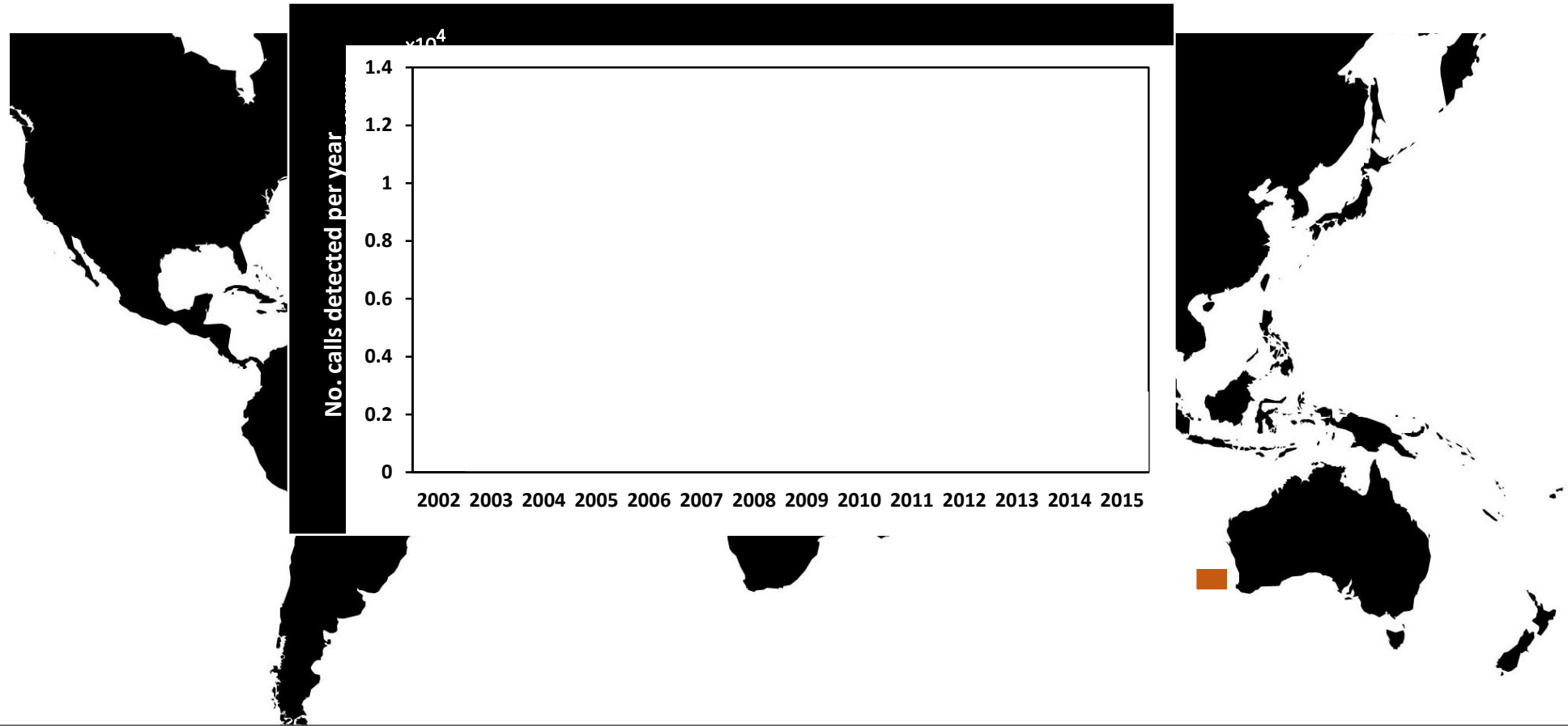
Seasonal variation



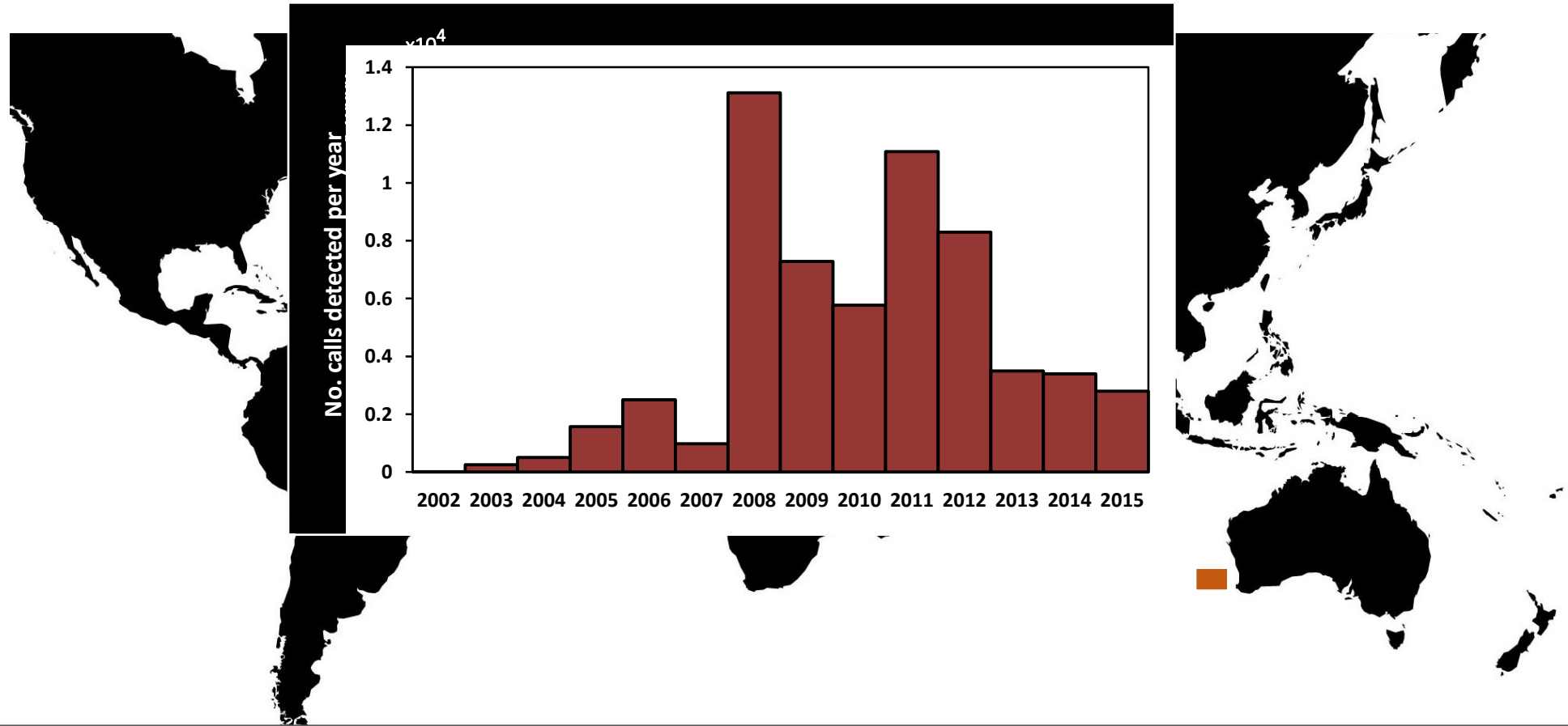
Seasonal variation



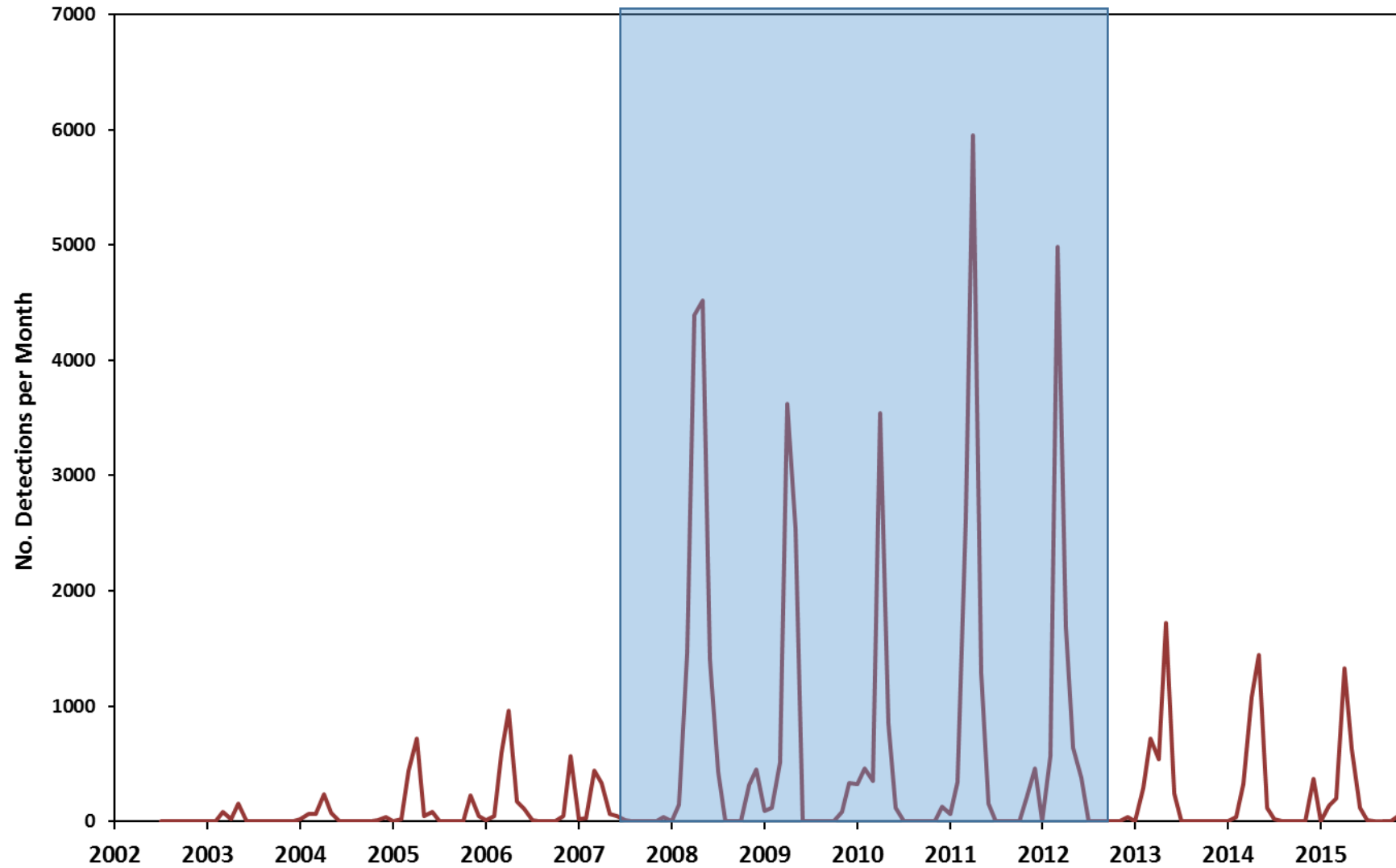
Interannual variation



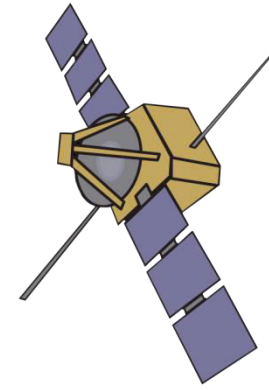
Interannual variation



Monthly Time Series of Detections



Environmental Variables



Satellite derived environmental variables

- Sea Surface Temperature (SST)
- Sea Surface Height (SSH)
- Chlorophyll at Hydrophone (Chla.HP)
- Chlorophyll at Bonnie Upwelling (Chla.Feed)
- Southern Oscillation Index (SOI)

Model selection using Time Series analysis

Model Selection

SST

SSH



Chla @ Hydrophone



Chla @ Feed



SOI



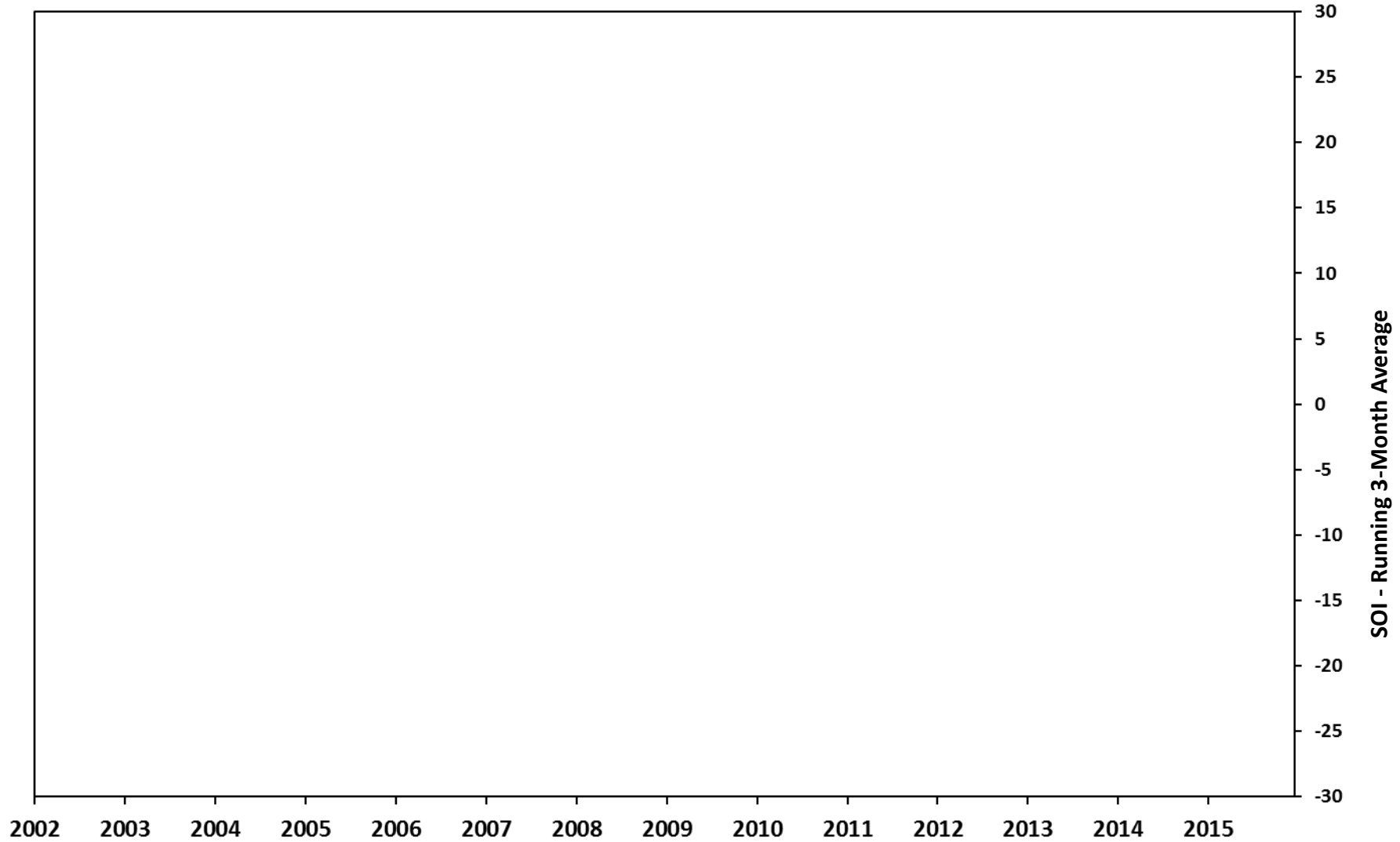
Hydrophone



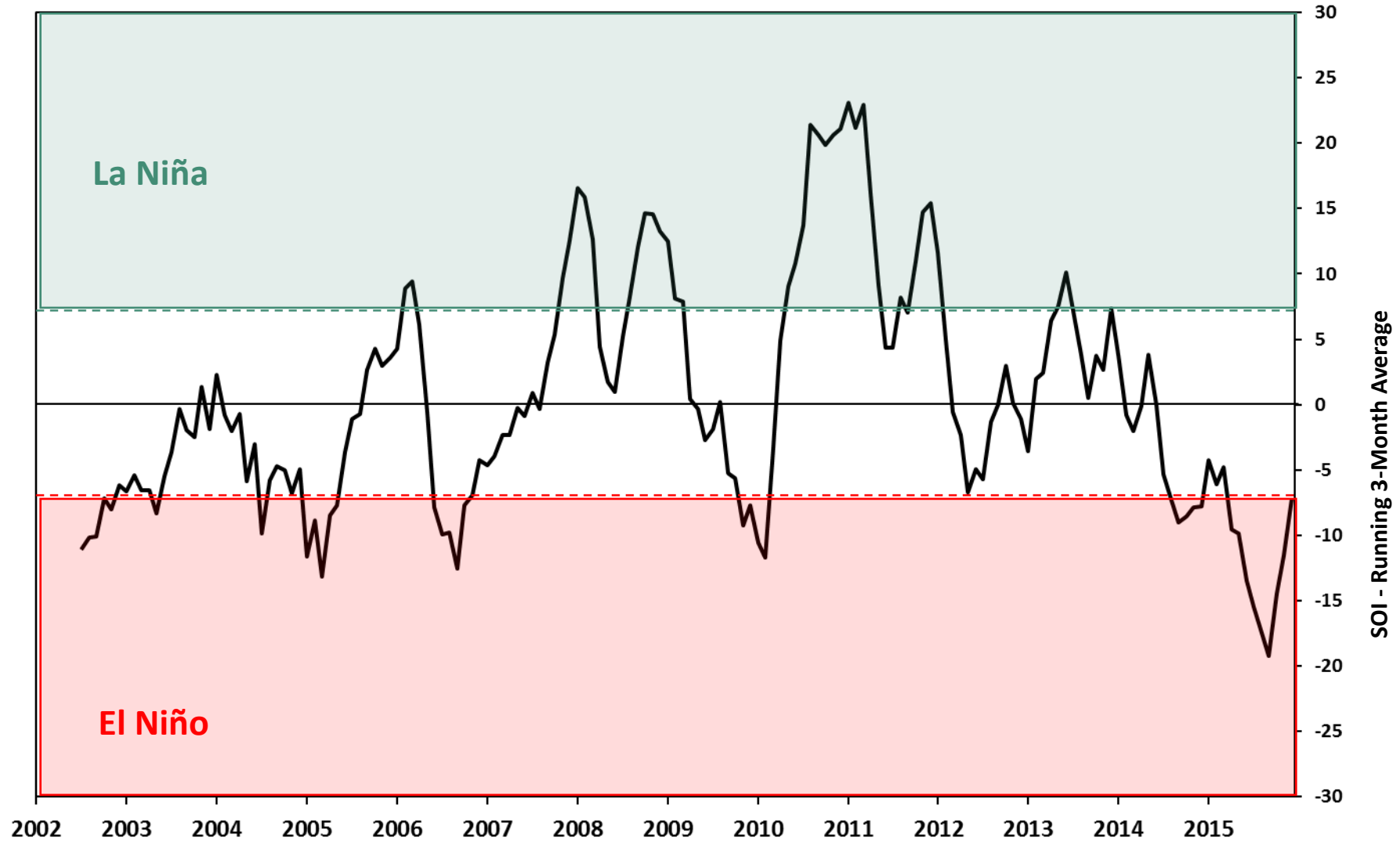
Feed



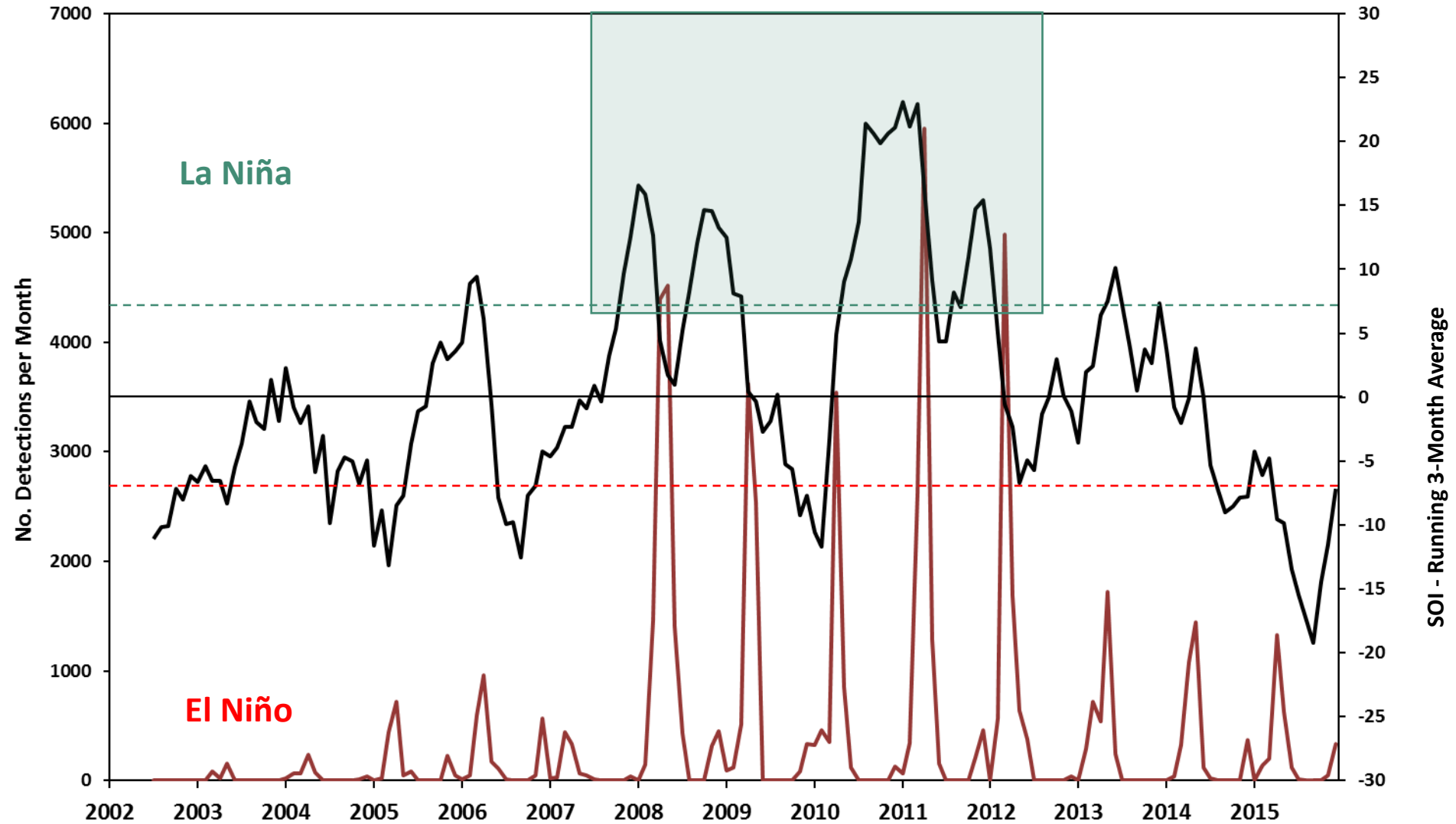
EL Niño Southern Oscillation (ENSO)



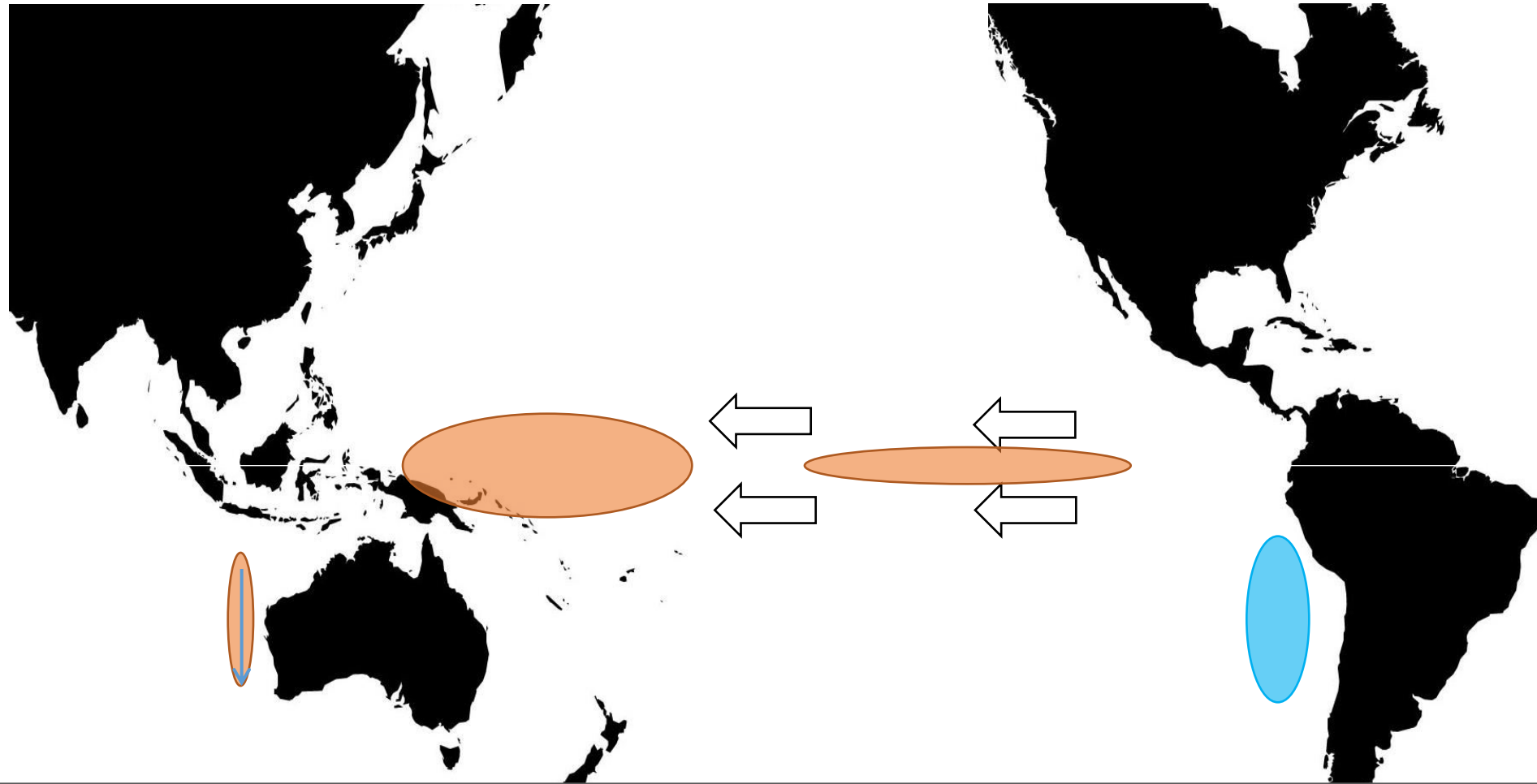
EL Niño Southern Oscillation (ENSO)



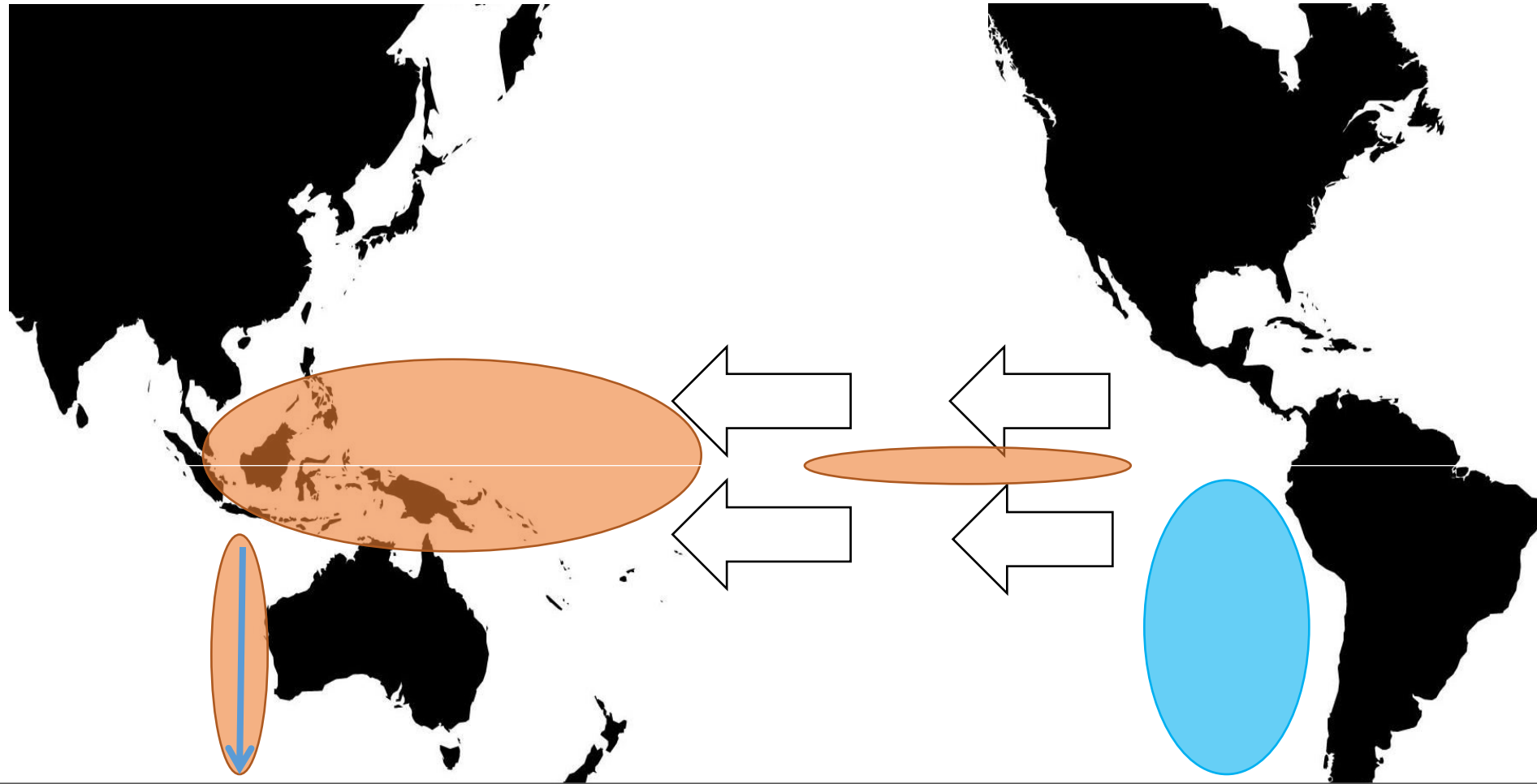
EL Niño Southern Oscillation



ENSO - Normal Conditions



ENSO - La Niña conditions

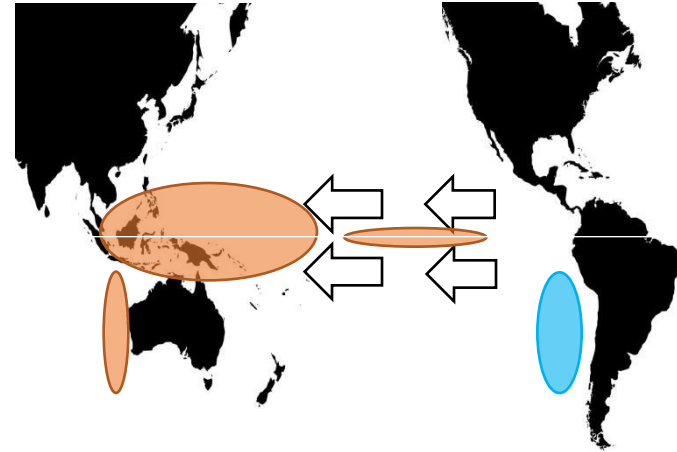


Why are there more calls during La Niña?

Strengthening of the Leeuwin current

Good conditions for krill and zooplankton to grow

Whales feed on increased krill abundance and are in good condition



Take home message

CTBTO data provided the long term data that identified:

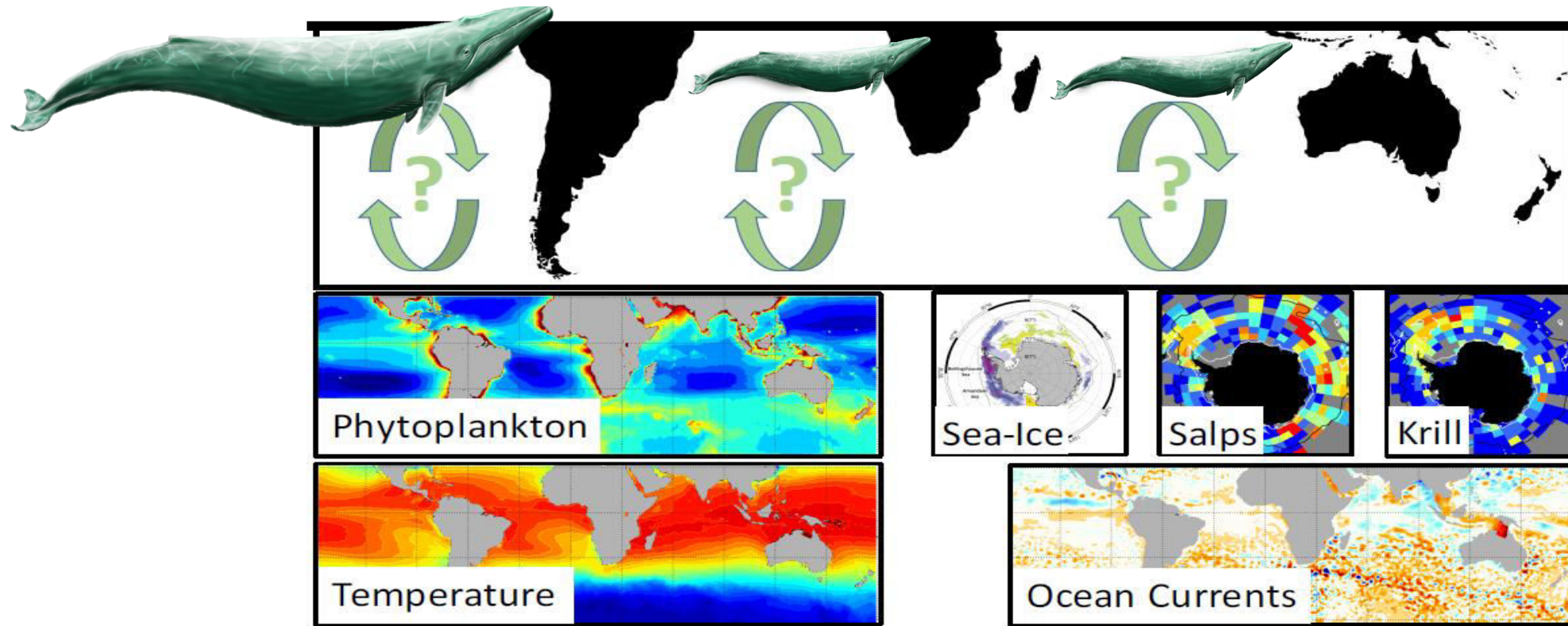
New populations of blue whales that we did not know were there.

ENSO cycle influences the migratory behaviour of blue whales.



Take home message

CTBTO hydroacoustic monitoring data provides calibrated long-term data of biological importance. Needed to tease apart how warming of Southern Hemisphere oceans is impacting the ecosystem.



Thank you for listening

Acknowledgments

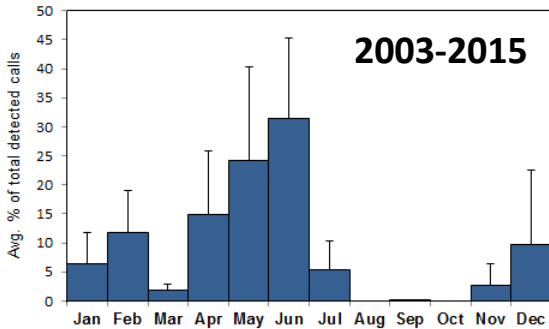
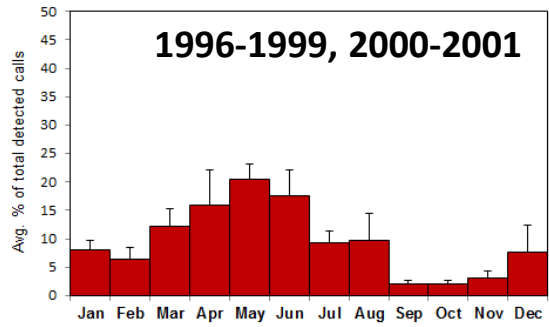
The CTBTO preparatory commission for providing the data used in this study

Disclaimer

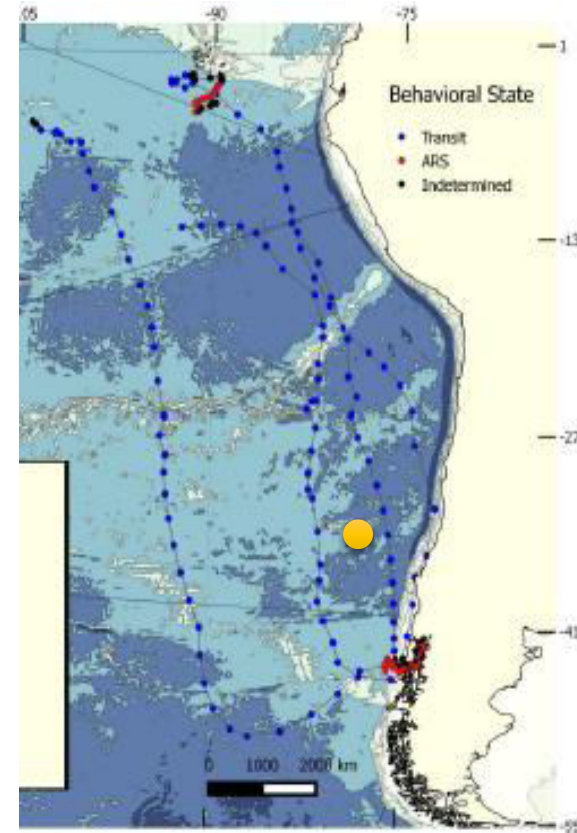
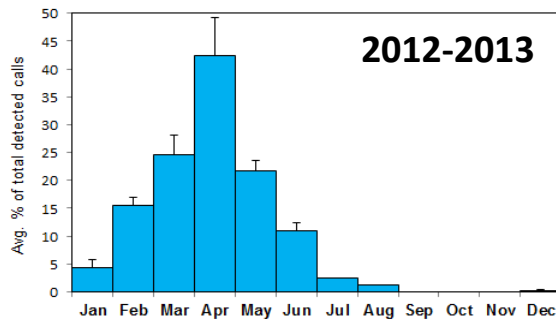
The commission is not responsible for the views presented here



ETP

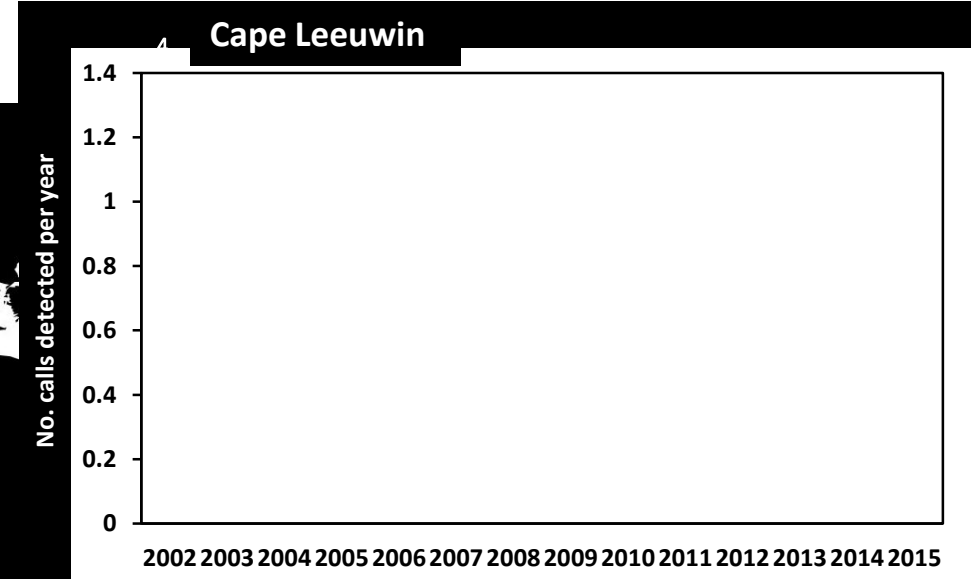


CER

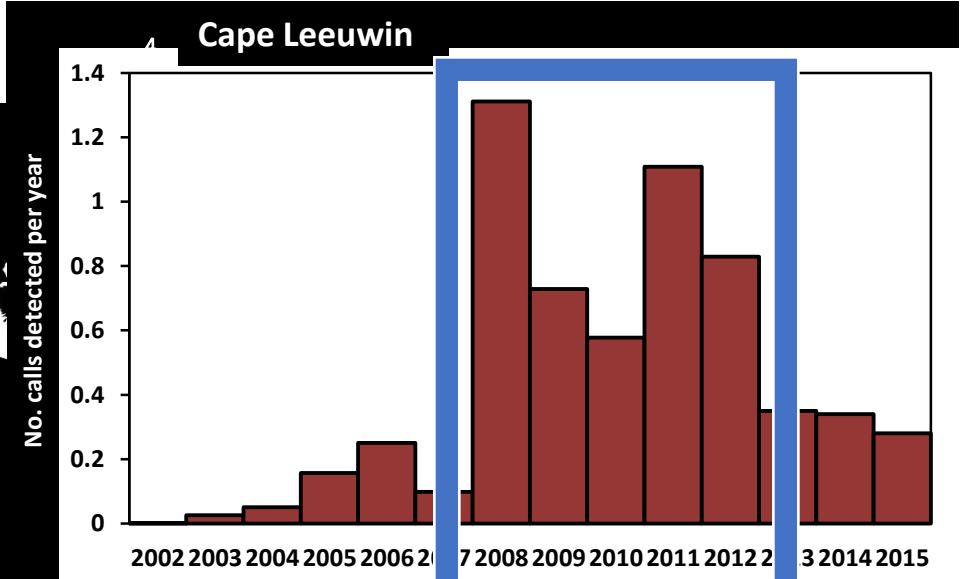
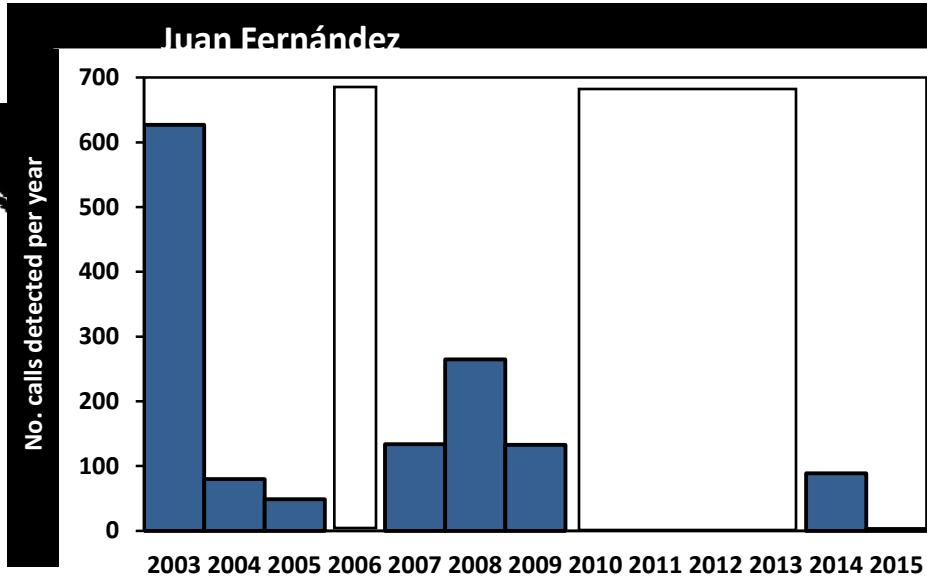


Modified from Buchan *et al.* 2015

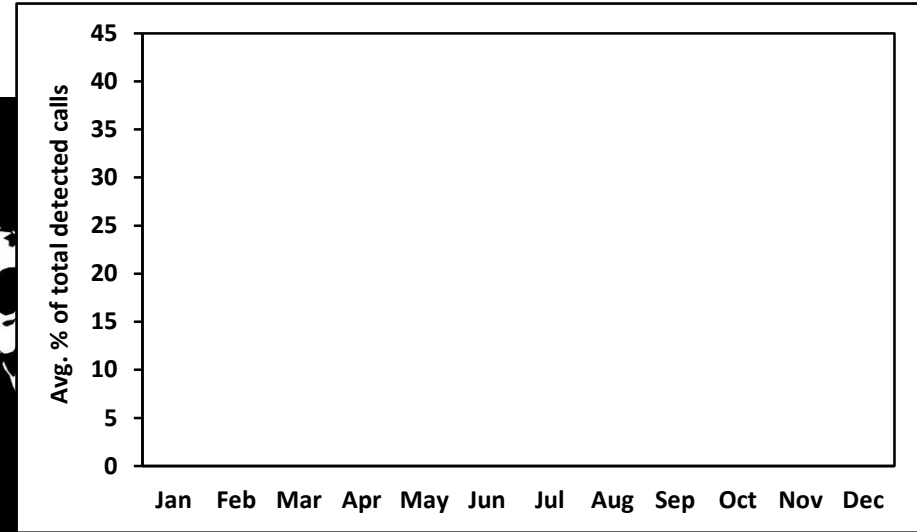
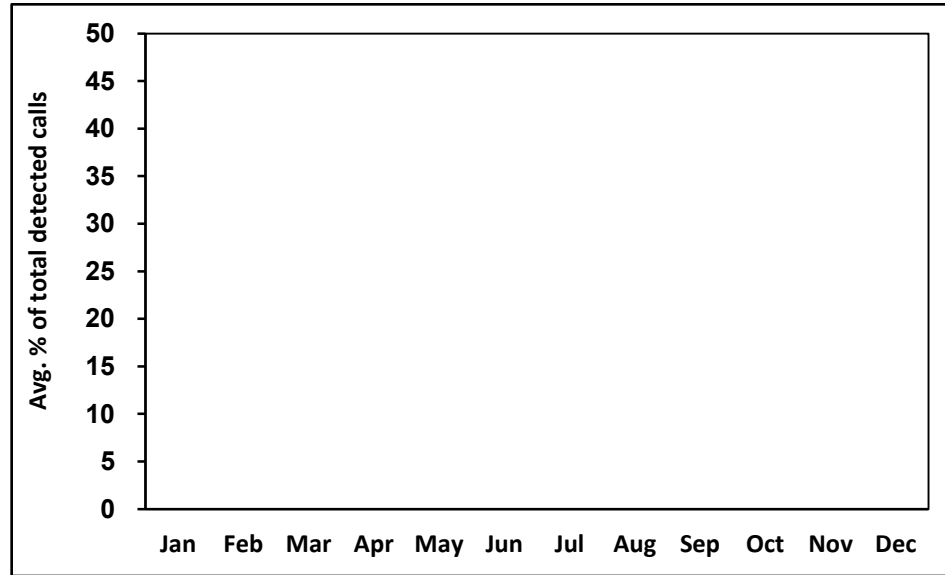
Interannual variation



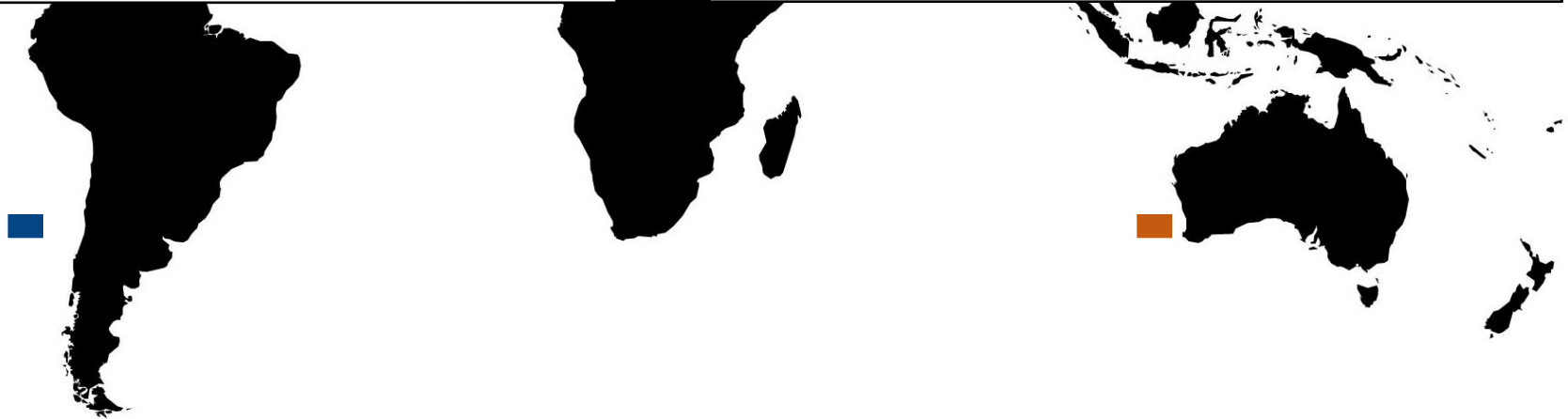
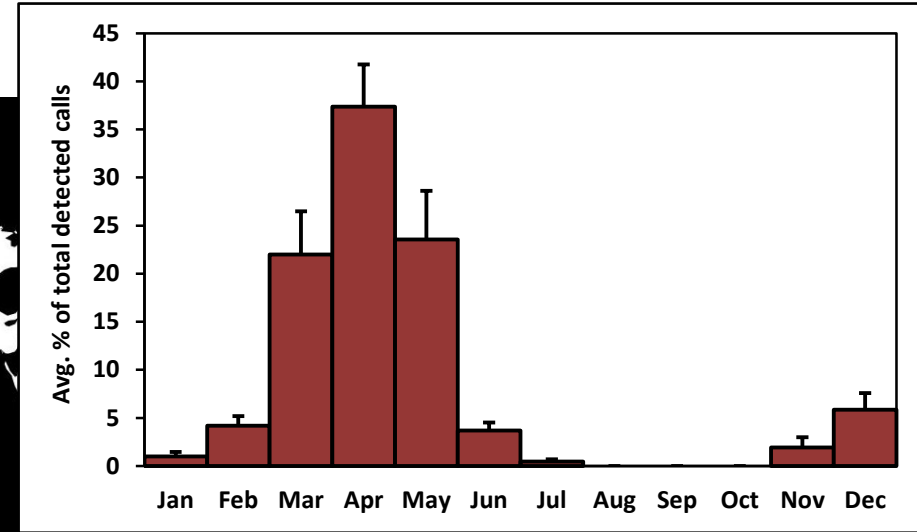
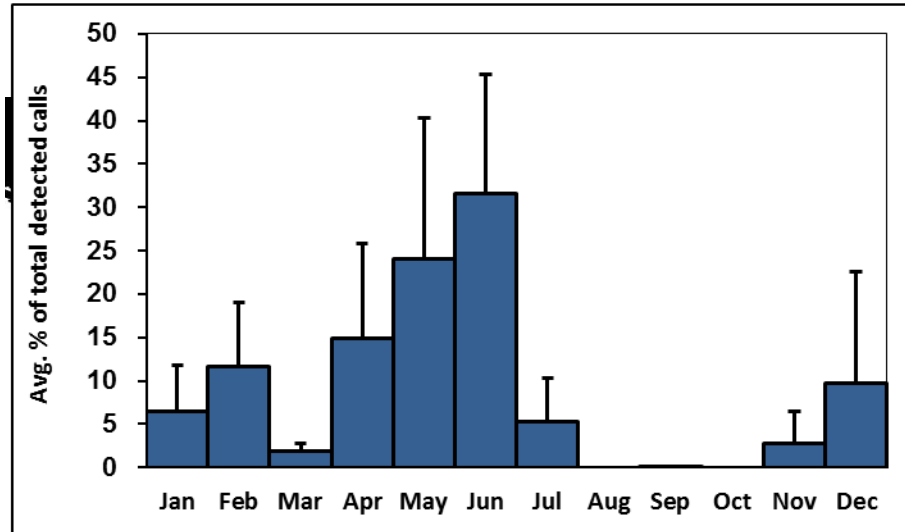
Interannual variation



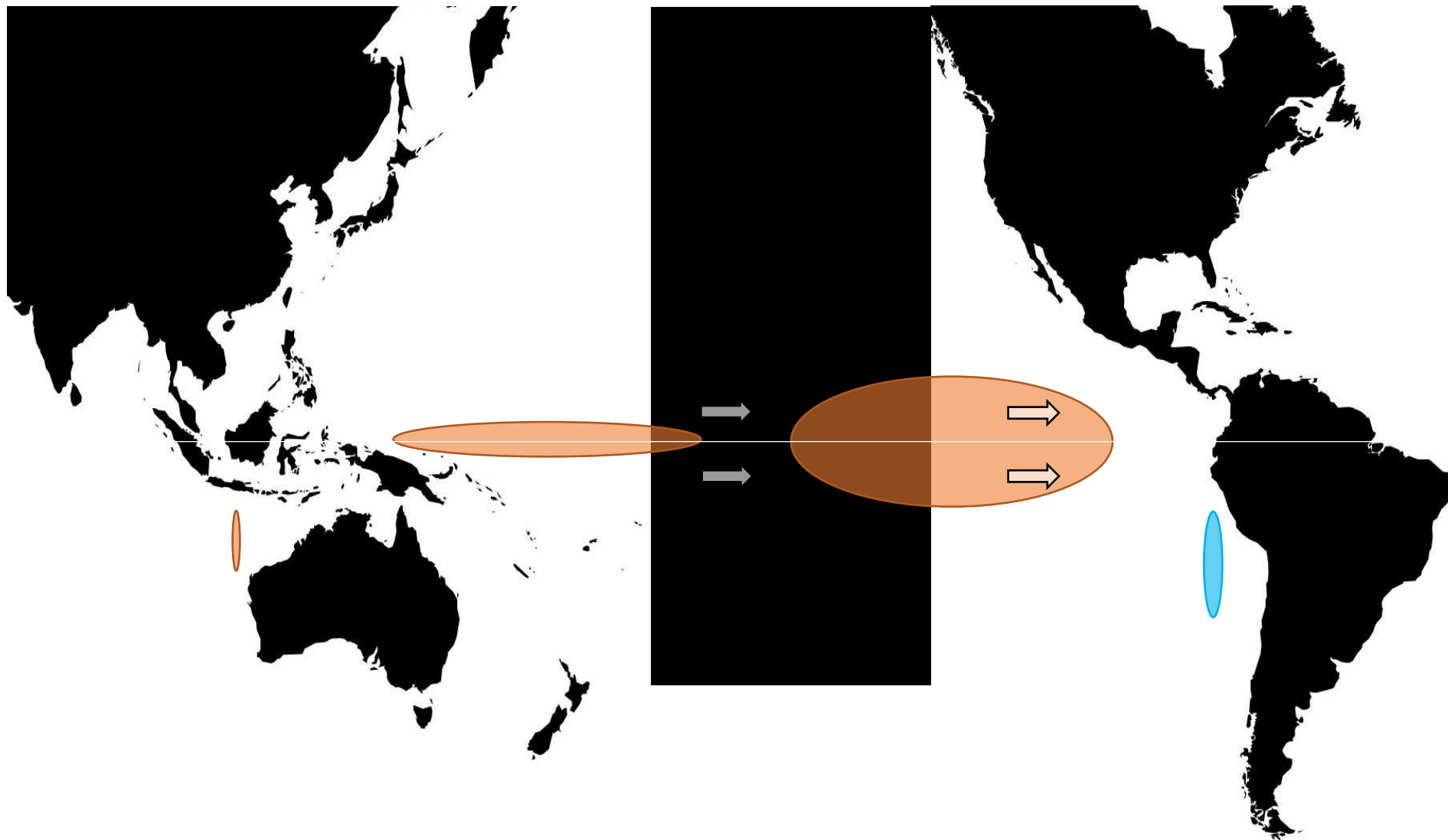
Seasonal variation



Seasonal variation



El Niño

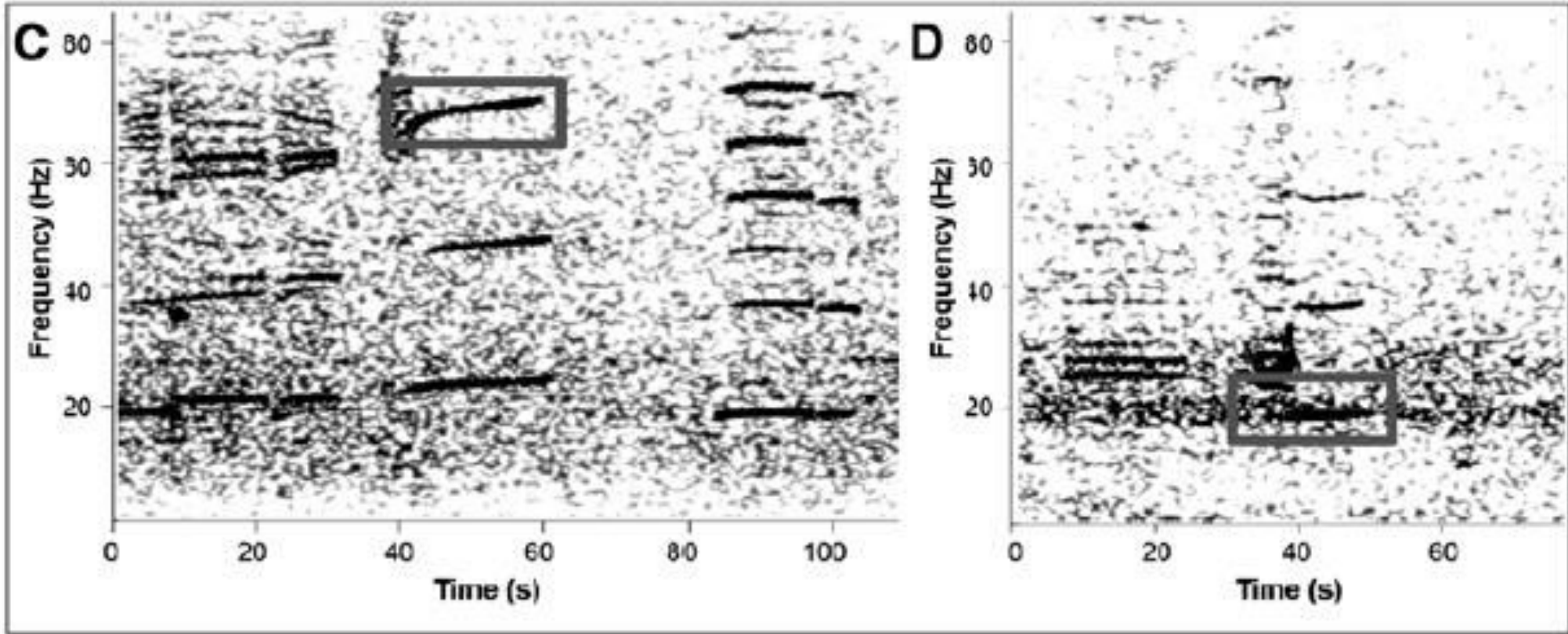


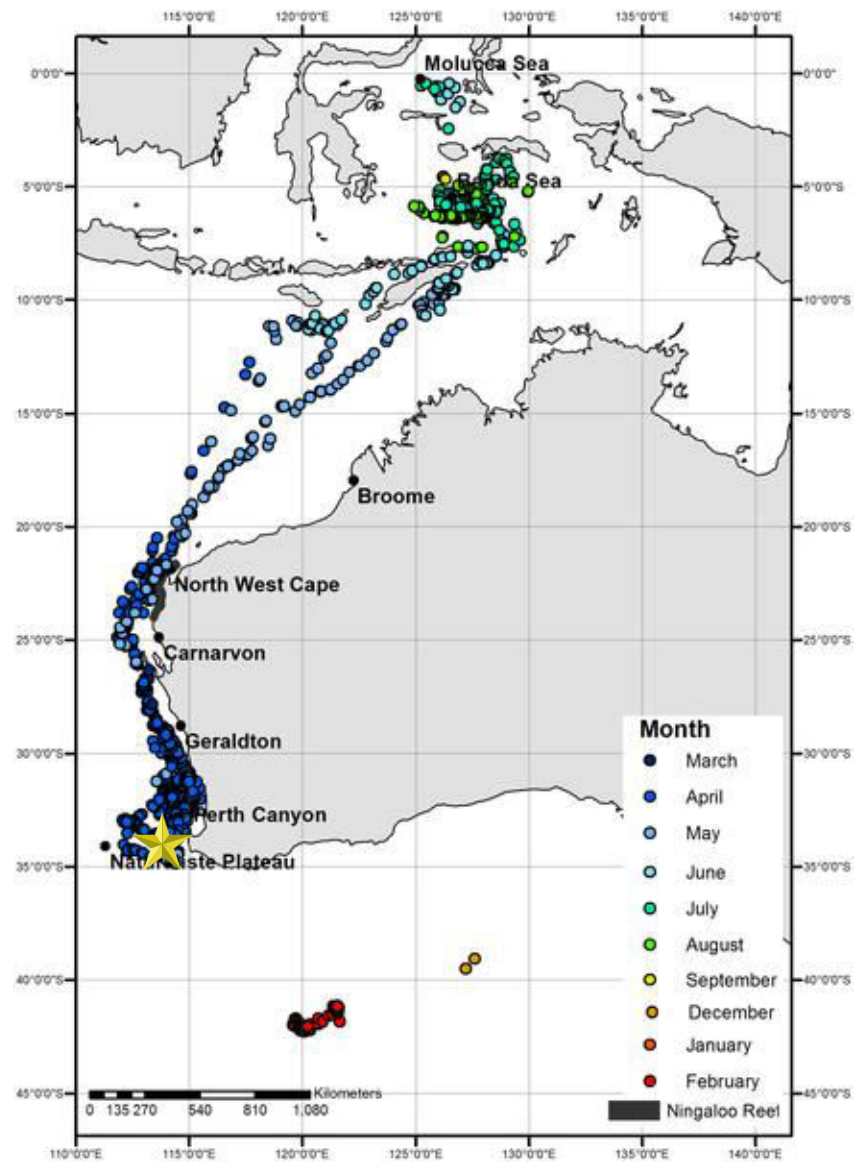
Detector performance

- Ishmael (V.1.80)
- Automated energy ratio method
- targeted the high-intensity band of the first part of the calls, between 19 and 21 Hz
- Triggered a detection when energy in this band was higher than a 0.2 threshold between 12 and 30 seconds
- bandwidth account shift $\sim 0.14\text{--}0.16$ Hz / year
- Positive detections were checked manually Raven Pro 1.4
- Missed detections & False detection for each year.

System

- 3 autonomous hydrophones, moored to the seafloor, suspended at ~1000 m.
- Record continuous ocean sound
- Sampling rate 250 Hz
- Relatively flat response (± 1 dB)
- Upper frequency limit 120 Hz
- Part of the Preparatory Commission for the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty Organization.





Double MC, Andrews-Goff V, Jenner KCS, Jenner MN, Laverick SM, et al. (2014) Migratory Movements of Pygmy Blue Whales (*Balaenoptera musculus brevicauda*) between Australia and Indonesia as Revealed by Satellite Telemetry. PLOS ONE 9(4): e93578.

How does ENSO work?

ENSO operates over the Pacific ocean

Results from variations in ocean temperatures in the Equatorial Pacific

Linked to extreme events such as flooding and drought

Model Selection

SST

SSH

Chla @ Hydrophone

Chla @ Feed

SOI

Hydrophone



Feed

